The Strengths of **One Group.**The Power of **One Brand.**

First Quarter 2024 Results Highlights

Goh Chin Yee, Group Chief Financial Officer 10 May 2024





Agenda

Financial Highlights

(1) Group Performance Trends





DOCEC



Notes:

- Certain comparative figures have been restated to conform with the current period's presentation;
- Amounts less than S\$0.5m are shown as "0":
- "nm" denotes not meaningful;
- "na" denotes not applicable;
- Figures may not sum to stated totals because of rounding.

Record 1Q24 performance

Group | S\$1.98b | +5% YoY | +22% QoQ |

Banking
Operations
Net Profit

S\$1.72b

+3% YoY

+15% QoQ

EPS (annualised) +5% YoY +24% QoQ

ROE (annualised) unchanged YoY +2.3 ppt QoQ

Total Income	YoY	QoQ
S\$3.63b	+8%	+11%
Net Interest Income (NII)	+4%	-1%
Non-Interest Income (Non-II)	+17%	+47%
Operating Expenses S\$1.35b	+8%	+3%
Net Interest Margin 2.27%	-3bps	-2bps
Credit Costs 16bps	+4bps	-5bps
Customer Loans S\$301b	+2%	+1%
(in constant currency term	ns) +2%	+1%
Customer Deposits S\$370b	+1%	+2%
NPL Ratio 1.0%	-0.1ppt	unchanged
CET1 CAR 16.2%	+0.3ppt	+0.3ppt

- Total income and net profit at new quarterly high, ROE rose QoQ to 14.7%
- CIR improved QoQ to 37.1% on positive operating jaws
- Sound asset quality, credit costs at 16bps
- Loans and deposits higher
- Strong funding, liquidity and capital positions



Group and Banking Operations net profit at new high

(S\$m)

Net Interest Income

Non-Interest Income

Total Income

Operating Expenses

Operating Profit

Allowances

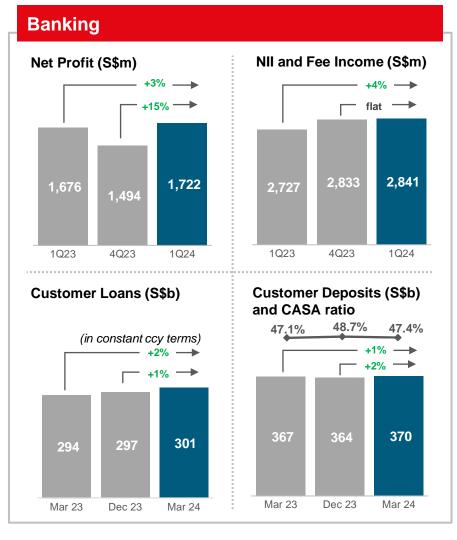
Net Profit

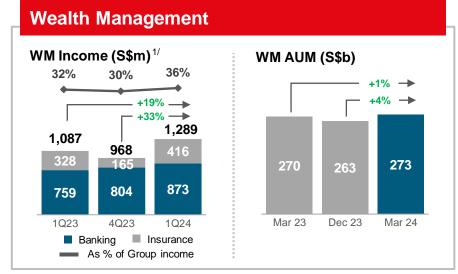
Group Performance		
1Q24	YoY	QoQ
2,437	+4%	-1%
1,189	+17%	+47%
3,626	+8%	+11%
1,346	+8%	+3%
2,280	+8%	+16%
169	+53%	-9%
1,982	+5%	+22%

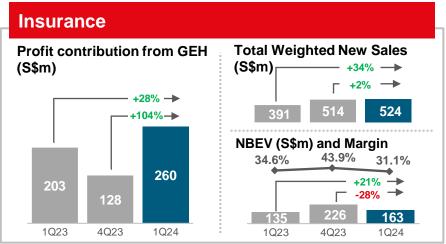
Banking Operations Performance			
1Q24	YoY	QoQ	
2,394	+4%	-1%	
816	+14%	+18%	
3,210	+6%	+3%	
1,302	+8%	-1%	
1,908	+5%	+7%	
168	+76%	-10%	
1,722	+3%	+15%	



Robust performance across franchise





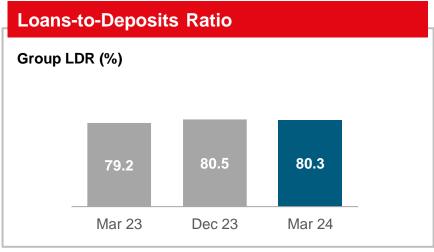


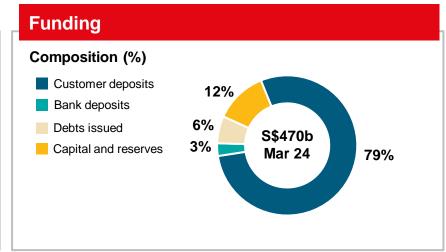
- Banking Operations profit at record high
- WM income and AUM higher
- GEH profit contribution significantly higher QoQ, supported by better investment performance and improved claims experience
- Insurance TWNS rose QoQ, driven by increased single premium sales in Singapore; and up YoY, underpinned by strong performance across GEH's core distribution channels

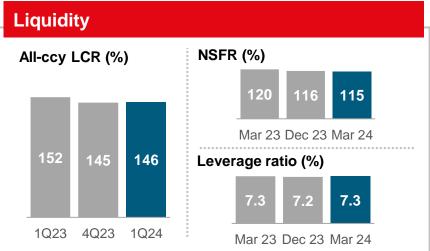


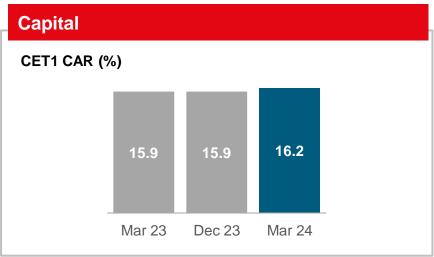
^{1/} Wealth Management income comprises the consolidated income from insurance, private banking, premier private client, premier banking, asset management and stockbroking.

Strong balance sheet position









- Stable funding mix, close to 80% from customer deposits
- Healthy funding, liquidity and capital positions to support business growth, all regulatory ratios well above requirements
- Aa1 and AA- credit ratings from Moody's and Fitch/S&P respectively



Agenda

Financial Highlights

(0) Group Performance Trends



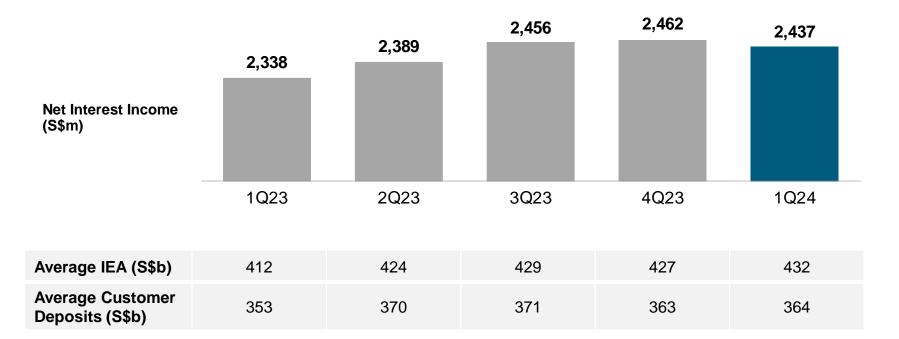


DOCEC



NII up 4% YoY, NIM at 2.27%



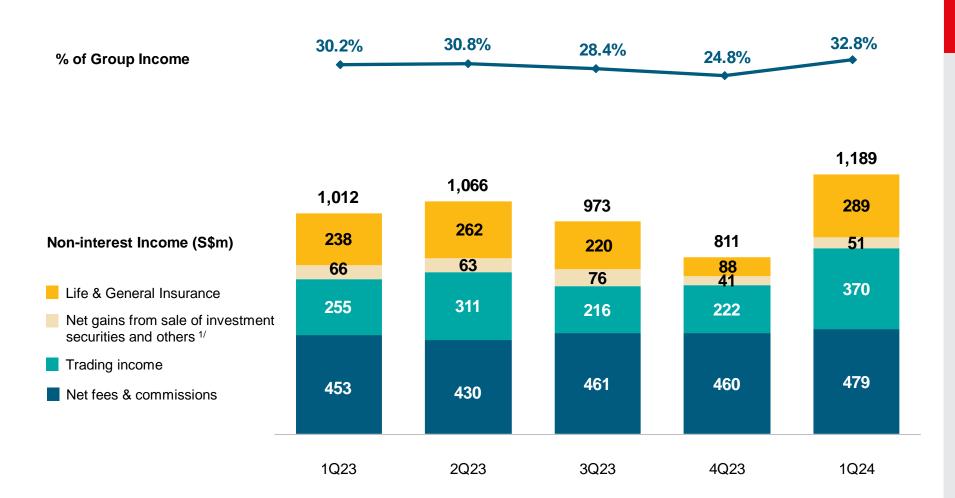






- NII rose 4% YoY as 5% average asset growth more than offset 3bps decline in NIM
- Adjusted for shorter-days impact in 1Q24, NII steady against 4Q23's record level, as 1% average asset growth offset lower NIM
- NIM moderated by 2bps
 QoQ, as higher asset yields
 outpaced by rise in funding
 costs

Non-II rebounded QoQ and YoY



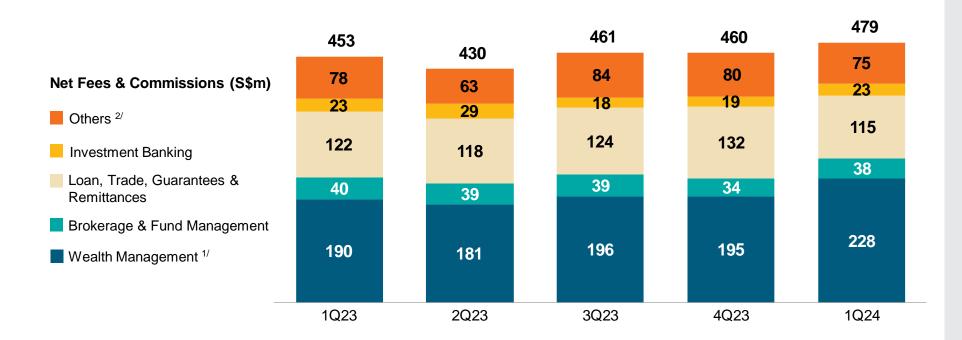


Non-II stronger QoQ and YoY, driven by growth across fee, trading and insurance income



1/ "Others" include disposal of properties, rental income and property-related income.

Fee income highest in past four quarters





Fee income up QoQ and YoY, underpinned by growth in wealth management fees driven by increased customer activities



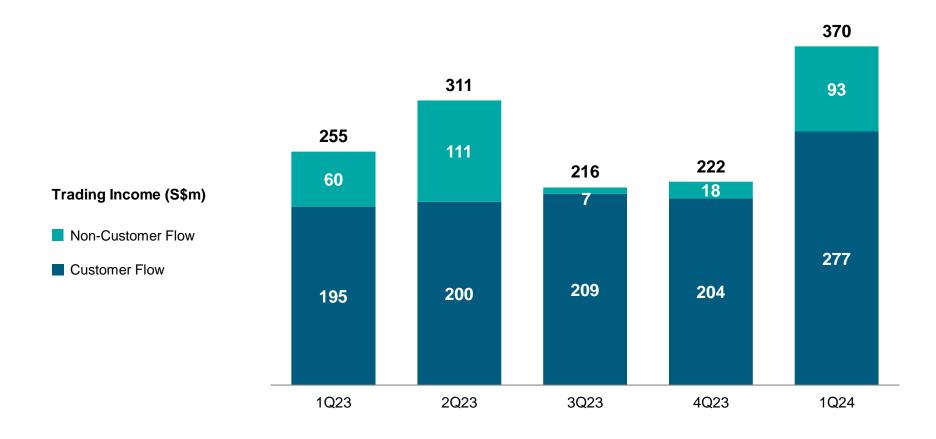
^{1/} Wealth management comprises mainly income from private banking, and sales of unit trusts, bancassurance products, structured deposits and other treasury products to consumer customers.

^{2/ &}quot;Others" includes credit card fees, service charges and other fee and commission income.

Trading income rose to quarterly high

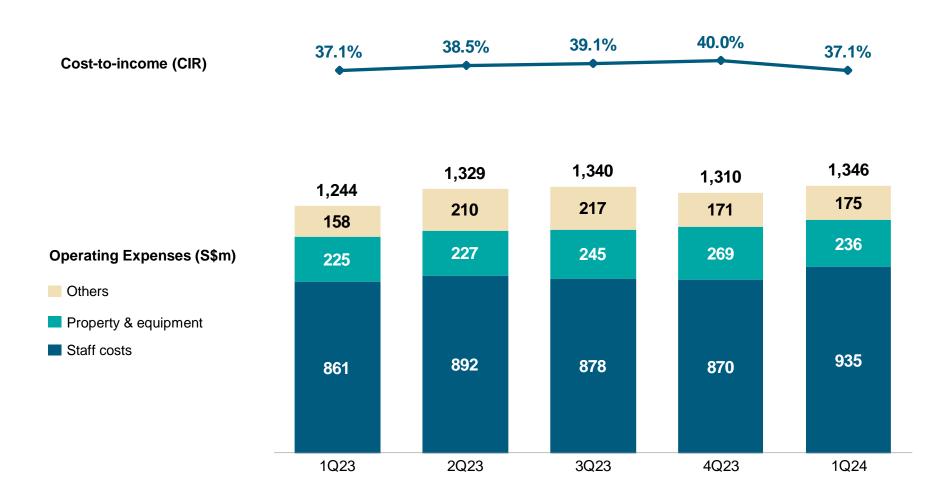


 Strong increase in trading income driven by record customer flow income and improved non-customer flow income





Costs well controlled, CIR below 40%





- CIR improved QoQ to 37.1% as income growth outpaced increase in expenses
- QoQ rise in expenses led by increased staff costs, attributable to higher variable compensation associated with income growth



NPL ratio stable at 1.0%

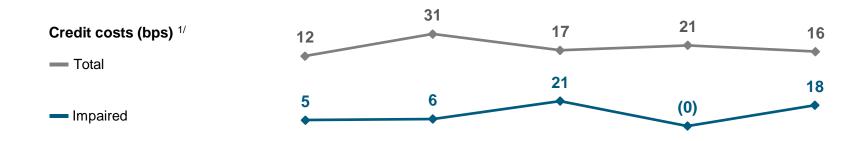
Non-performing assets (NPAs)			
S\$m	1Q23	4Q23	1Q24
At start of period	3,486	3,095	2,901
Corporate/ Commercial Banking and Others			
New NPAs	54	54	239
Net recoveries/ upgrades	(141)	(60)	(78)
Write-offs	(50)	(58)	(60)
	(137)	(64)	101
Consumer Banking/ Private Banking	(14)	(92)	23
Foreign currency translation	(6)	(38)	15
At end of period	3,329	2,901	3,040
NPL Ratio (%)	1.1	1.0	1.0

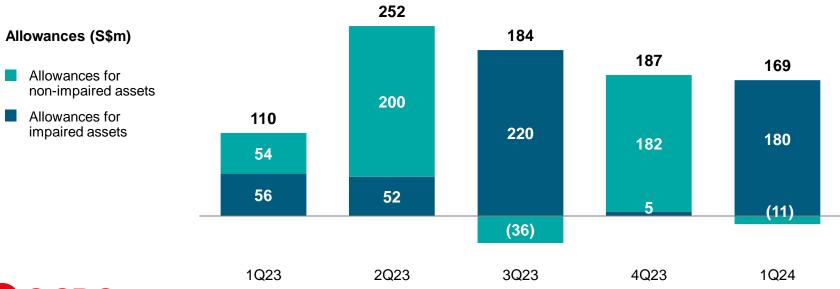
Mar 24	YoY	-9%
	QoQ	+5%

- Loan portfolio quality remained sound
- NPL ratio improved YoY and unchanged QoQ



Allowances down 9% QoQ



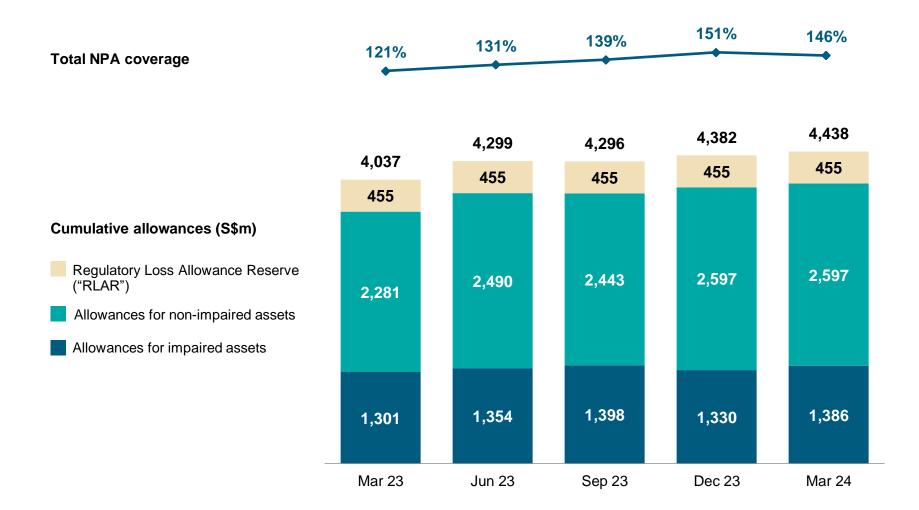


1Q24 YoY +53% QoQ -9%

 Total credit costs at an annualised 16bps

1/ Credit costs refer to allowances for loans as a percentage of average loans, on annualised basis.

NPA coverage ratio above 100%

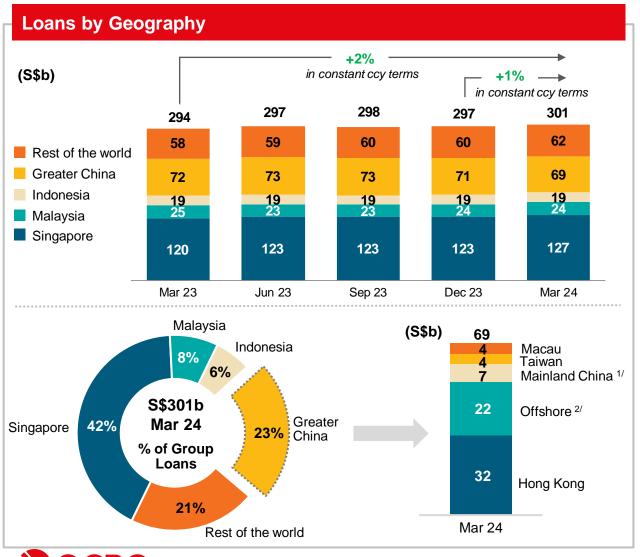


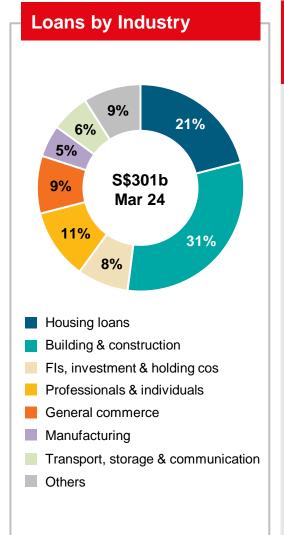


 Cumulative allowances higher, with NPA coverage ratio at 146%



Loans grew QoQ and YoY to S\$301b





Mar 24 YoY +2% QoQ +1%

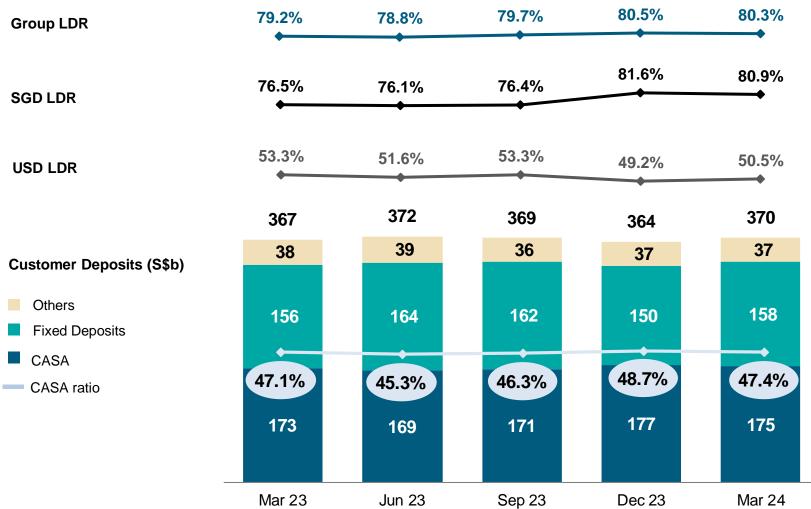
- Corporate, SME and Consumer/Private Banking comprise 56%, 9% and 35% of loan book respectively
- S\$4b QoQ loan growth led by increase in both corporate and consumer loans
- Sustainable financing loans up 34% YoY and comprised 14% of Group loans
- CRE^{3/} office sector at 12% of Group loans, largely secured, average LTV 50%-60%; 2/3 in key markets of Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia & Greater China, remainder largely in developed markets^{4/}



Notes: Loans by geography are based on where the credit risks reside.

- 1/ Loans booked in Mainland China, where credit risks reside.
- 2/ Loans booked outside of Mainland China, but with credit risks traced to China.
- 3/ Commercial real estate ("CRE")
- 4/ Includes Australia, United Kingdom and the United States.

Deposits up in tandem with loan growth

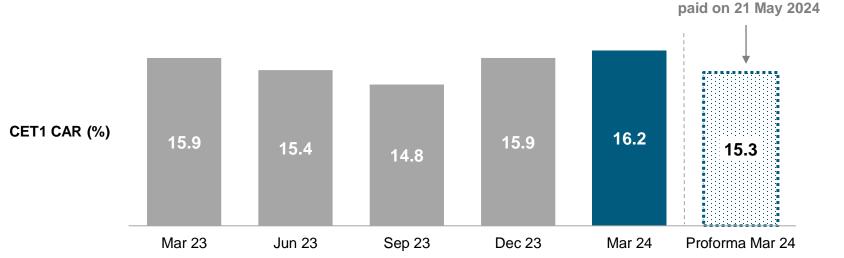


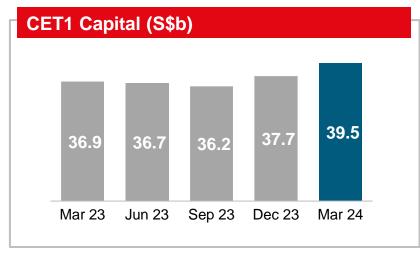


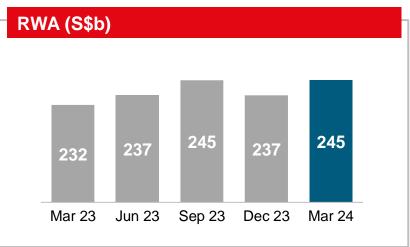
- Deposits grew 2% QoQ, keeping pace with loan growth
- LDR maintained at about 80%



Capital position robust







CET1 CAR
after adjusting for
FY23 final dividend to be





- CET1 CAR up QoQ largely from profit accretion
- FY23 final dividend to be paid on 21 May 2024, lowering CET1 CAR by 0.9ppt
- Strong capital provides flexibility for franchise growth, buffers for uncertainties and capacity for delivering higher returns to shareholders

Thank you

Disclaimer: This presentation should be read as an overview of OCBC's current business activities and operating environment which may contain statements relating to OCBC's growth strategy and future business aspirations. This presentation contains "forward-looking statements", which are based on current expectations and projections about future events, and include all statements of historical facts, including, without limitation, any statements preceded by, followed by or that include the words "targets", "believes", "expects", "aims", "intends", "will", "may", "anticipates", "would", "plans", "could", "predicts", "projects", "estimates", "foresees" or similar expressions or the negative thereof, as well as predictions, projections and forecasts of the economy or economic trends of the markets, which are not necessarily indicative of the future or likely performance of OCBC, and projections and forecasts of the performance of OCBC, which are not guaranteed. Such forward-looking statements, as well as those included in any other material discussed at the presentation, concern future circumstances and results and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors beyond the Company's control that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of OCBC to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions and estimates regarding OCBC and its subsidiaries' present and future business strategies and the environment in which OCBC or the OCBC Group will operate in the future. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. These forward-looking statements speak only as at the date of this presentation, and none of the Company or any of its directors, agents, employees or advisors intends or has any duty or obligation to supplement, amend, update or revise any such forward-looking stateme

